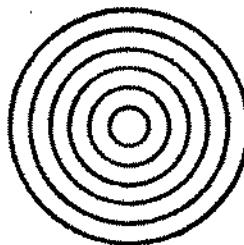


AGENCY FOR THE
PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
IN LATIN AMERICA



Distr.
GENERAL

CG/RES.171 (VIII)
18th May, 1983

GENERAL CONFERENCE
Eighth Regular Session
Agenda Item 8
Kingston, Jamaica, May 16-19, 1983

RESOLUTION 171 (VIII)

STATUS OF THE TREATY AND ITS ADDITIONAL PROTOCOLS

— A —

The General Conference,

Having duly analyzed the Status of the Treaty to date, observing that there are still States within the Zone of application of the Treaty of Tlatelolco which are not Parties to the same, in spite of being fully authorized to do so;

Observing the negative effect which the situation mentioned in the previous paragraph has on the strengthening of the Latin American nuclear-free Zone;

Bearing in mind its previous Resolutions 12 and 17 (I) dated September 8, 1969; 26 (I) dated September 10, 1970; 34 (II) dated September 9, 1971; 46 and 47 (III) dated August 22, 1973; 80 (IV) dated April 18, 1975; 90 and 91 (V) dated April 20, 1977; 119 and 120 (VI) dated April 26, 1979 and 137 (VII) dated April 24, 1981,

Resolves:

1. To reiterate its hope that all Latin American States become Parties to OPANAL.

2. To point out again to the Governments of Dominica and St. Lucia that, in accordance with Resolution 119 (VI) and 137 (VII) and to St. Vincent and the Grenadines in Resolution 138 (VII) of the General Conference, their countries are in a position to become Parties to the Treaty of Tlatelolco.
3. To request the Government of Cuba to examine again the possibility of becoming a party to the nuclear-free Zone established by the Treaty of Tlatelolco.
4. To express its hope that very soon the conditions favourable to Guyana becoming a Party to the Treaty, will be created.
5. To express also its hope that the Government of the Argentine Republic proceed as early as possible, to the ratification of the Treaty of Tlatelolco, bearing in mind the positive attitude and adherence of Argentina to the aims and principles of the Treaty, expressed in this Meeting.
6. To call on the Governments of Brazil and Chile to reconsider the reasons for which, to date, they have not availed themselves of the right to waive the requirements referred to in paragraph 2 of Article 28 of this Treaty.

— B —

Bearing in mind that Antigua and Barbuda has proclaimed its independence and, therefore, it is a new sovereign State within the American Continent, south of parallel 35 (Arts. 4 and 25, 1,b of the Treaty of Tlatelolco);

Observing that the territory of Antigua and Barbuda was included in the military denuclearized status established by the Treaty through the ratification by Great Britain of Additional Protocol I of the Treaty, and that being Antigua and Barbuda independent, such status is not

in force in this new State:

Taking into consideration that by the cessation of consequences of Additional Protocol I for Antigua and Barbuda, this State, in order to maintain its military denuclearized status, would have to become a Party to the Treaty of Tlatelolco;

Considering that by virtue of Article 25, the Treaty is open for signature to States reaching full sovereignty once they are admitted by the General Conference,

Resolves:

1. To express to the Government of Antigua and Barbuda its wish that in the nearest possible date it will be able to take the necessary steps to become a Party to the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America.

2. To request the Secretary General to deliver the text of this Resolution to the Government of Antigua and Barbuda offering its fullest cooperation.

(Adopted on the Forty-seventh Session,
held on May 18, 1983)