



Council

Resolution C/Res.47

Treaty on a Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia

The Council,

Taking into consideration its Resolution C/Res.41, adopted on 11 September 2006;

Welcoming the entry into force of the Treaty on a Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia (CANWFZ) on 21 March 2009;

Taking note with satisfaction that the establishment of the Central Asian Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone is the first measure of this kind exclusively in the Northern Hemisphere, in an area where nuclear weapons previously existed;

Convinced that a Central Asian Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone constitutes an important step toward promoting nuclear disarmament and strengthening the nuclear non-proliferation regime;

Emphasizing the contribution of the Central Asia Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone to peace and security at global and regional levels;

Recognizing that the establishment of nuclear-weapon-free zones is an important step to achieve the goal of a world completely free of nuclear weapons;

Recalling, in this context, the Declaration of the Conference on Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zones, adopted in México on 28 April 2005;

Resolves:

- 1. To welcome with satisfaction** the establishment of the Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia.
- 2. To promote** cooperation with the Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia in order to reach the common objectives set forth by both the Treaty of Tlatelolco and the Treaty of Semipalatinsk, as well as by other international instruments establishing Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zones.
- 3. To entrust** the Secretary General, on behalf of the Council and in consultation with it, to establish an exchange of information on the experience gained by the Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (OPANAL) through its 42 years of existence.
- 4. To request** the Secretary General to deliver the text of this Resolution to the Depositary State of the Treaty on a Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia, to the Member States of OPANAL and to the Secretary General of the United Nations.

(Adopted by the Council
on April 17, 2009)